

# Real-fibered morphisms of real del Pezzo surfaces

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Joint with Mario Kummer and Cédric Le Texier

$X/\mathbb{C}$  non-singular alg variety of  
dim  $n$

$\sigma: X \rightarrow X$  real structure

$\text{fix}(\sigma) = \mathbb{R}X$  real part

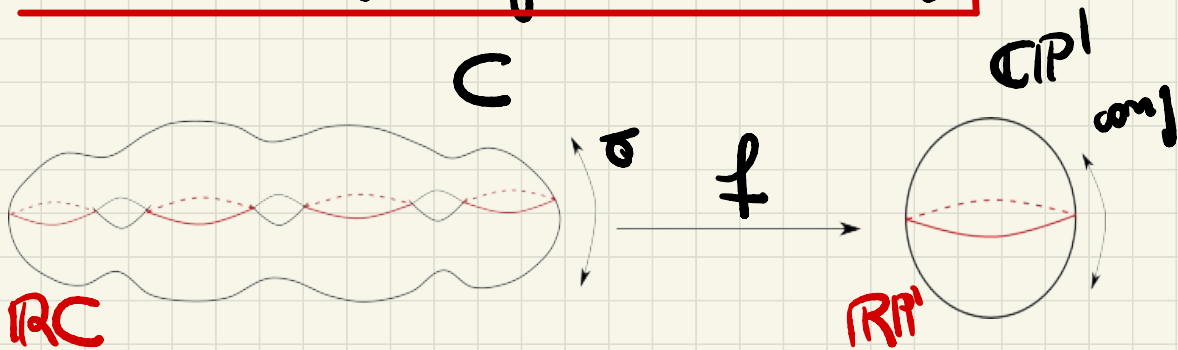
DEF:  $f: X \xrightarrow{\sigma} \mathbb{C}P^m$  real

morphism, we say that

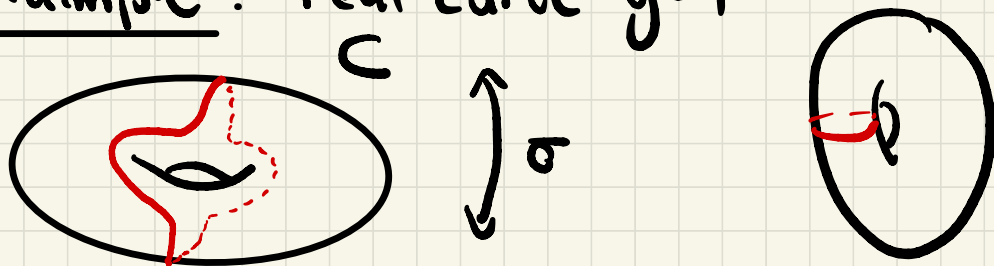
$f$  is real-fibered if

$$f^{-1}(\mathbb{R}P^m) = \mathbb{R}X$$

# $m=1$ Real algebraic curves



example: real curve  $g=1$



RC

THEOREM (ALFORS '50):  $\exists f: C \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^1$

real-fibered iff  $\mathbb{C}C \setminus \mathbb{R}C$

is disconnected

separating

( $\equiv$ )

[RC] trivial in  $H_1(C; \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})$

•  $\forall (C, \sigma)$  separating

$$l = \# \text{ c.c. of IRC} \quad e \equiv g(C) + 1 \pmod{2}$$

•  $e = g(C) + 1$

(Harnack-Klein inequality)

then  $C$  is maximal

Any <sup>real</sup> maximal curve is separating.

• Rokhlin, Klein, Arnold

AlfhorS, Huisman, Gabard,

Kummer-Shaw, Mikhailkin-Orevkov

...

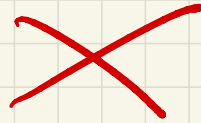
From  $m=1$  to  $m \geq 2$

$\exists C \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^1$   
real-fibered

$C$  is  
separating

$[RC]$   
trivial  
in  $H_2(C; \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})$

$m=1$



$m \geq 2$

$(X, \sigma) \exists f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^m$   
real fibered,  
can we characterize  
 $X$ ?



$(X, \sigma)$  bounds in  
complexification  
 $[RX]$  trivial  
in  $H_m(X; \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z})$

# $m \geq 2$ RIGIDITY

$(X, \sigma) \exists f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^m$  real-fibered

Kumner-Shannon '15:

$f|_{\mathbb{R}X}: \mathbb{R}X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}P^m$  UNRAMIFIED

$$1) \quad \mathbb{R}X \cong \underset{S}{\sqcup} S^m \sqcup \underset{r}{\sqcup} \mathbb{R}P^m$$

$$2) \quad \deg f = 2S + r$$

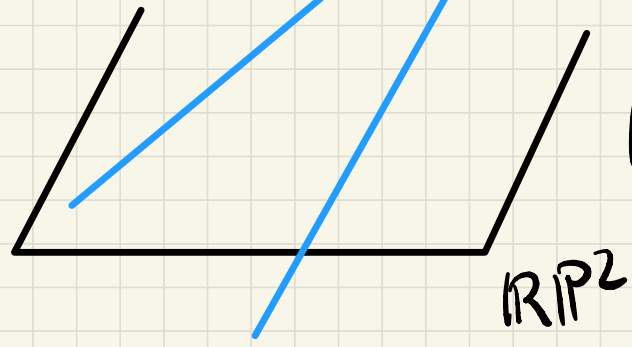
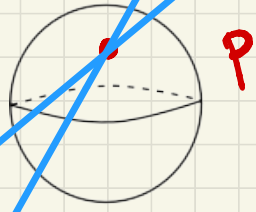
RK:  $(X, \sigma) \exists f: X \xrightarrow{p_1, p_2} \mathbb{C}P^m$  real fibered  
 $\tilde{f}: \text{Bl}_{p_1, p_2}(X) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^m$  real-fibered  
 $p_1, p_2$  (x cony) man-finite

example

$X$  cubic surface  $\subseteq \mathbb{C}P^3$

$$\mathbb{R}X = S^2 \cup \mathbb{R}P^2$$

$\pi_p \downarrow$



$(\mathbb{R}P^3, \mathbb{R}X)$

$\pi_p|_X : X \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}P^2$  real-fib. of deg 3

DEF:  $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^n$  real fibred  
 if  $f: X \subset i, \mathbb{C}P^h \xrightarrow{\pi_E} \mathbb{C}P^n$   
 we say  $f$  is hyperbolic wrt  
 $E$ .  $X$  is hyperbolic.

( real very ample divisor  $X \subset i, \mathbb{C}P^h$  )  
 $E \subset \mathbb{C}P^h$   $E \cap X = \emptyset$   
 $\pi_E|_X: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^n$  real fibred )

# Del Pezzo surfaces

- Real classification known (Cossatti 1914-1913)
- $\exists (X, \sigma)$  del Pezzo s.t.  
 $\mathbb{R}X \cong \bigsqcup_{\delta} S^2 \sqcup \bigsqcup_r \mathbb{R}P^2$

DEF:  $X$  non-sing alg surf.

we say that is del Pezzo

-  $K_X$  is ample.

$$\deg X = (-K_X)^2 = d$$
$$0 \leq d \leq 9$$



RK : •  $d=9$   $X = \mathbb{C}P^2$   $\mathbb{R}X = \mathbb{R}P^2$

•  $d=8$   $X = \mathbb{C}P^1 \times \mathbb{C}P^1$   $\sigma: (\omega, \eta) \mapsto (\bar{\eta}, \bar{\omega})$   
 $\mathbb{R}X = S^2$

• For some degrees  $d$ ,  $\forall X$  of deg  $d$   
there are some  $\sigma: X \rightarrow X$   
s.t.  $\mathbb{R}X \neq \bigsqcup_S S^2 \sqcup \bigsqcup_r \mathbb{R}P^2$

•  $1 \leq d \leq 7$  there are  $(X, \sigma)$   
s.t.  $\mathbb{R}X$  has the right topology  
admits only real-fibered morphism  
 $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^2$  which are non-finite

TH (KLTM) 1: the classification  
of finite real-fibered morphisms  
of real del Pezzo surface  
 $X$  of deg  $d$  with  $\mathbb{R}X \cong \bigsqcup_S S^2 \sqcup \bigsqcup_r \mathbb{R}P^2$   
is as follows:

$$(X, \sigma) \quad \mathbb{R}X \cong \bigcup_S S^2 \cup \bigcup_r \mathbb{R}P^2 \quad d = \deg X$$

$X$	$d$	$s$	$r$	# real-Fibered	HYPERBOLIC	$h$	
$X_{\text{PETRX}}$	4	2	0	1	$-K_X$	✓	4
$B_{\mathbb{P}^1 X}$ $\in \mathbb{R}B_{\mathbb{P}^1 X}$	3	1	1	1	$-K_X$	✓	3
$B_{\mathbb{P}^1, \mathbb{P}^1 X}$	2	0	2	1	$-K_X$	<del>✗</del>	
	2	3	0	2	$\cong$ GEYSER	✓	
	2	4	0	1	$-2K_X$	✓	6
	1	2	1	4	2 pairs $\curvearrowright$ BERTINI	✓	
	1	3	1	2	$\cong$ BERTINI	✓	
	1	4	1	1	$-3K_X$	✓	6

Hyperbolic:  $X \subset \mathbb{C}P^h$ ,  $\mathbb{C}P^h \xrightarrow{\pi} \mathbb{C}P^2$   
 $h = s + 2$   $r \in \{0, 1\}$

- $\deg X = 2$   $\mathbb{R}X = \mathbb{R}P^2 \sqcup \mathbb{R}P^2$
- $f: X \xrightarrow{2-1} \mathbb{C}P^2 \longleftrightarrow \mathbb{Q}^{\text{plane}}$   
quartic
- $\mathbb{R}Q = \emptyset$

## STRATEGY HYPERBOLIC CASES:

$(X, \sigma)$  del Pezzo surfaces  $\mathbb{R}X \cong \mathbb{U}_S^2 \sqcup_r \mathbb{U}_r P^2$

- If  $X$  admits  $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^2$  <sup>FINITE</sup> real-fibered then, let  $D$  real ample divisor ass. to  $f$

- $\max\{1, r\} \leq D \cdot K_X + 4$

$$\leq r + 25$$

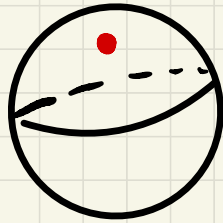
- $r \equiv D \cdot K_X \pmod{4}$

- FINITE # of possible divisors which may give real fibered morphisms

- very ampleness from numerical criteria (de Rocco '96)

- look from lin. sub  $E \subseteq \mathbb{C}P^h$  from which to project and obtain  
THE  $\pi_X: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}P^2$   
real fibered

$\mathbb{C}P^2$   $h > 3$



No mere inside  
or  
outside  
of a sphere

$\leadsto$  LINKING NUMBERS  
to deal with this  
problem.